# Youth Statistics In Brief 2015 



## POPULATION



Total Population ${ }^{1}$ ('000)
5,312.4
5,399.2
$5,469.7$

## Resident Population ('000)

$$
3,818.2 \quad 3,844.8 \quad 3,870.7
$$

## Resident Youth Population ${ }^{2}$ ('000)

$$
1,073.4 \quad 1,074.4 \quad 1,069.2
$$

1 Total population comprises Singapore residents and non-residents.
2 Resident youth population comprises Singapore citizens and permanent residents aged 15-34 years.
Source: Yearbook of Statistics 2015, Singapore Department of Statistics.

## RESIDENT YOUTH POPULATION BY <br> AGE GROUP, GENDER, ETHNICITY AND RELIGION (\%)

## Age Group


Age
$30-34$


24.6
23.7
27.5

2013
23.7
24.8
23.8
27.6

2014

24.7
24.8
27.3 Gender


## Ethnicity

|  | Chinese | Malay | Indian | Others |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012 | 71.5 | 15.5 | 9.8 | 3.1 |
| 2013 | 71.6 | 15.8 | 9.6 | 3.0 |
| (2014 | 71.6 | 16.1 | 9.4 | 2.9 |

Source: Yearbook of Statistics 2013, 2014 and 2015, Singapore Department of Statistics.

## Religion

|  | Age 15-24 |  | Age 25-34 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2000 | 2010 | 2000 | 2010 |
| Buddhism | 38.9 | 27.1 | 40.2 | 30.6 |
| Christianity | 12.8 | 17.7 | 15.8 | 18.4 |
| Hinduism | 3.5 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 7.4 |
| Islam | 18.6 | 21.7 | 15.1 | 14.5 |
| Taoism | 8.4 | 7.7 | 5.6 | 8.7 |
| Other Religions | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| No Religion | 17.3 | 21.0 | 18.1 | 19.9 |

Source: Singapore Census of Population 2010: Statistical Release 1 - Demographic Characteristics, Education, Language and Religion, Singapore Department of Statistics.

## SELECTED EDUCATION INDICATORS

## MEAN YEARS OF SCHOOLING AMONG RESIDENT NON-STUDENTS ${ }^{1}$ AGED 25-34 BY GENDER

> Age 25-34*

## Total



Males

## 2002

12.1


Females

${ }^{1}$ Resident non-students refer to Singapore residents who are not attending educational institutions as full-time students. Singapore residents who are upgrading their qualifications through part-time courses while working are included.

* For this age group, some males could still be pursuing higher education after performing national service at an earlier age.
Source: Statistics Singapore Newsletter, March 2013, Singapore Department of Statistics.


## \% of P1 cohort ${ }^{2}$ who sat for



GCE 'N' or ' 0 ' Level Examinations and had at least 5 ' N' level passes or 3 ' O' level passes


GCE 'A' Level Examinations and had at least 3 H 2 passes and a pass in GP or KI

[^0]
## \% of P1 cohort admitted into ${ }^{3}$



Institute of Technical Education
21.3
21.2
22.8

## Polytechnics

46.5
47.1
46.4

## Junior Colleges/Centralised Institutes

## 27.0 <br> 27.7 <br> 28.2

Universities (NUS, NTU, SMU, SIT, SUTD)
26.9
28.2
29.4

3 Students who enrol in one type of institution may later progress to another, and will hence be counted under both rows. Figures for ITE, Polytechnics and JC/CI are based on P1 cohorts admitted to P1 10 years ago and for universities, 12 years ago.
Source: Education Statistics Digest 2014, Ministry of Education.

## SELECTED LABOUR FORCE INDICATORS

## AGE-SPECIFIC RESIDENT LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES ${ }^{1}$ (AS AT JUNE) (\%)

|  | Age <br> $15-19$ | Age <br> $20-24$ | Age <br> $25-29$ | Age <br> $30-34$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 2012 | 12.4 | 63.6 | 88.3 | 89.8 |
| 2013 | 11.8 | 61.7 | 88.5 | 80.1 |
| 2014 | 12.3 | 61.8 | 89.0 | 89.9 |

AGE-SPECIFIC RESIDENT LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES ${ }^{1}$ BY GENDER (AS AT JUNE) (\%)

| Age | Age | Age | Age |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $15-19$ | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ |

Males

| 2012 | 13.8 | 64.5 | 89.9 | 97.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2013 | 13.2 | 63.2 | 89.0 | 97.2 |
| 2014 | 14.9 | 63.6 | 89.4 | 97.5 |

## Females

| 2012 | 10.9 | 62.6 | 86.8 | 83.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2013 | 10.2 | 59.9 | 88.0 | 83.7 |
| 2014 | 9.6 | 59.8 | 88.6 | 83.3 |

Refers to the economically active population, aged 15 years and over, as a percentage of the total population in the specific age group as at June of the respective years. Source: Report on Labour Force in Singapore 2014, Ministry of Manpower.

## EMPLOYED RESIDENTS (AGED 15-34 YEARS) BY INDUSTRY AS AT JUNE OF THE YEAR ${ }^{2}$ (\%)

## Industry



Manufacturing


Construction


Wholesale and Retail Trade


Transportation and Storage

2.7
12.2
6.4

2013

2.4
12.5
6.7

2014

2.7
13.2
6.2


Accommodation and Food Services


Financial and Insurance Services


Real Estate Services


2013

## 5.4

5.8
9.5
1.7

2014
5.5
10.0
2.0
${ }^{2}$ Data across the various years may not be strictly comparable due to revisions in the industrial classification.

## EMPLOYED RESIDENTS (AGED 15-34 YEARS) BY INDUSTRY AS AT JUNE OF THE YEAR ${ }^{2}$ (\%)

## Industry



Professional Services


Administrative and Support Services


Public
Administration and Education


Health and Social Services

2012

## 8. 0

3.5
23.0
5.3

2013

3.7
22.9
5.5

2014

3.6
22.5
6.5


Arts, Entertainment and Recreation


Other Community, Social and Personal Services


Others ${ }^{3}$

## 2.1

1.0
2.6
2.2
1.0

## 2.4

2.0
0.9

3 Include Agriculture, Fishing, Quarrying, Utilities and Sewerage \& Waste Management. Source: Report on Labour Force in Singapore 2012, 2013 and 2014, Ministry of Manpower.

EMPLOYED RESIDENTS (AGED 15-34 YEARS) BY OCCUPATION AS AT JUNE OF THE YEAR ${ }^{4}$ (\%)

Occupation
201220132

## Managers \& <br> Administrators <br> 7.7 <br> 7.1 <br> 6.0

Working
Proprietors
1.1
1.4
1.4

Progessionals $18.8 \quad 18.217 .7$

Associate
Professionals \& $28.3 \quad 29.0 \quad 32.0$ Technicians
$\begin{array}{llll}\substack{\text { Clerical Support } \\ \text { Workers }} & 15.2 & 15.6 & 14.5\end{array}$

Service \&
Sales Workers
12.812 .912 .4

Craftsmen \&
Related Trades Workers

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
1.8 & 1.7 & 2.0
\end{array}
$$

## EMPLOYED RESIDENTS (AGED 15-34 YEARS) BY OCCUPATION AS AT JUNE OF THE YEAR ${ }^{4}$ (\%)

Occupation

## 201220132

## Plant \& Machine

 Operators \& Assemblers
## 2.1

## 2.0

 1.8
## Cleaners,

## Others ${ }^{5}$ <br> $10.0 \quad 10.0 \quad 10.0$

4 Data across the various years may not be strictly comparable due to revisions in the industrial classification.
5 Include Agricultural \& Fishery Workers and Workers Not Classifiable by Occupation. Source: Report on Labour Force in Singapore 2012, 2013 and 2014, Ministry of Manpower.

Annual Average Resident Unemployment Rate ${ }^{6}$ (\%)

|  | Overall | Age <br> $15-24$ | Age <br> $25-29$ | Age <br> $30-39$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2012 | 2.8 | 6.7 | 3.5 | 2.2 |
| 2013 | 2.8 | 6.7 | 3.9 | 2.2 |
| 2014 | 2.7 | 6.4 | 4.1 | 2.2 |

6 Resident unemployed persons comprise Singapore citizens and permanent residents who were without work during the survey reference period but were available for work and were actively looking for a job.
Source: Labour Force Survey, Ministry of Manpower.

## MARRIAGES, DIVORCES AND FERTILITY

## AGE-SPECIFIC MARRIAGE RATES¹

| Age | Age | Age | Age |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $15-19$ | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ |


(per 1,000 unmarried resident males)


## 2013

## $0.6 \quad 10.971 .5109 .9$

2014

## 0.5

10.7
77.0
127.2


## Females

(per 1,000 unmarried resident females)

1 Refers to the number of marriages registered within a specific age group during the year, out of every thousand unmarried population in the same group. Source: Yearbook of Statistics Singapore 2015, Singapore Department of Statistics.


## AGE-SPECIFIC DIVORCE RATES



[^1]
## AGE-SPECIFIC DIVORCE RATES

| Age | Age | Age |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ |

6000
BYE
Females
(per 1,000 married resident females)

2012
$29.1 \quad 15.812 .0$

2013
26.7
17.5
12.4

2014
23.5
16.0 11.7

Source: Yearbook of Statistics Singapore 2015, Singapore Department of Statistics.

## AGE-SPECIFIC FERTILITY RATES ${ }^{3}$

(per 1,000 females)


2012
Age
$15-19$
Age
$20-24$

> Age $25-29$

Age
30-34

## 2013 <br> 3.8 <br> 19.7 <br> 70.5 <br> 90.2

4.3
22.2
76.7
99.5
19.5
71.1
99.3

${ }^{3}$ Age-specific and total fertility rates were computed based on resident live-births per 1,000 females and per female.
Source: Yearbook of Statistics Singapore 2015, Singapore Department of Statistics.

## RESIDENT EVER-MARRIED FEMALES BY AGE GROUP AND NUMBER OF CHILDREN BORN (\%)



Age 15-29

$2014 \quad \mathrm{~F}$
35.0
15.8
4.4*

[^2]

## Age 30-39

(2012 22.0 30.8 34.6 9.7 2.9
(2013) 19.9 31.1 36.8 $9.8 \quad 2.4$
2014 21.4 $31.4 \quad 35.5 \quad 8.8 \quad 2.9$

## PROPORTION OF SINGLES AMONG

RESIDENT POPULATION BY GENDER AND AGE GROUP (\%)

## Males

Age 25-29


Females


## SELECTED HEALTH INDICATORS

## AGE-SPECIFIC PREVALENCE OF DAILY SMOKING ${ }^{1}$ BY GENDER (\%)

Age 18-29
Age 30-39

|  |  | Males |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2004 | 2010 | U10 | 2004 | 2010 |
| 18.2 | 25.3 |  | 22.7 | 29.3 |


|  |  | Females |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2004 | 2010 | T.1. | 2004 | 2010 |
| $6.6$ | $7.3$ |  | $3.7$ | 4.3 |

## AGE-SPECIFIC PREVALENCE OF BINGE DRINKING² BY GENDER (\%)

| Age 18-29 |  | Age 30-39 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Males |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 2010 | 2004 | 2010 |
| 18.9 | 18.7 | 17.5 | 13.5 |
| Females |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 2010 | 2004 | 2010 |
| 9.4 | 12.2 | 3.0 | 2.6 |

1 Daily smoking is defined as smoking cigarettes at least once a day lincluding those who smoke every day but have to stop temporarily because of religious fasting or medical reasons).
2 Binge drinking is defined as consumption of 5 or more alcoholic drinks on at least one occasion during the past month. In 2010, MOH further defined binge drinking as consuming 5 or more alcoholic drinks for males, and 4 or more alcoholic drinks for females, in any one drinking session during the past month.
Source: National Health Survey 2004 and 2010, Ministry of Health.

## AGE DISTRIBUTION OF STIs INCIDENCE RATES (INCIDENCE RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION')

| Age | Age | Age | Age |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $15-19$ | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ |

## Males



2012


## 2011

## 263.0

592.7
407.0
266.1

ख12 $182.2486 .0368 .7 \quad 245.2$

## 213 175.7491 .1337 .7212 .3

1 Rates are based on estimated mid-year population of the respective years.
Source: Communicable Diseases Surveillance in Singapore 2011, 2012 and 2013, Ministry of Health.

# JUVENILES AND YOUTH-AT-RISK 

## NUMBER OF YOUTHS ${ }^{1}$ ARRESTED


${ }^{1}$ Refers to persons aged 7-19 years. They include juveniles aged 7-15 and young persons aged 16-19.
Source: Annual Crime Brief 2013 and 2014, Singapore Police Force.

## GAMBLING PARTICIPATION RATES BY AGE IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS (\%)



Note: Gamblers were classified as those who had participated in at least one form of gambling in the last 12 months.

## PREVALENCE OF PROBABLE PATHOLOGICAL GAMBLING BY AGE (\%)

Age 18-29
Age 30-39


* Indicates that none detected as probable pathological gamblers in the sample. Source: Report of Survey on Participation in Gambling Activities among Singapore Residents 2014, National Council on Problem Gambling.


## TECHNOLOGY USE

## INDIVIDUAL COMPUTER¹ AND INTERNET² USERS BY AGE (\%)



## Computer Users



Age 15-24
Age 25-34

| 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 99 | 99 | 99 | 96 | 98 | 98 |

1 Computer user is a resident who had used the computer at any location in the last 12 months.
2 Internet user is a resident who had used the Internet at any location in the last 12 months. Source: Annual Survey on Infocomm Usage in Households and by Individuals 2011, 2012 and 2013, Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore.

## TOP 3 INTERNET ACTIVITIES ON MOBILE EQUIPMENT ${ }^{3}$ AMONG YOUTH BY AGE (\%)

## Age 15-24



Using
social
networks


Sending or receiving emails


Using
instant
messaging

2013


59
59
Age 25-34

Using
social
networks


Sending or receiving emaits

## Searching for

 information or general web browsing
## 2012



56

## 38



2013
80
${ }^{3}$ Mobile equipment is defined as portable equipment excluding laptop/notebook. Source: Annual Survey on Infocomm Usage in Households and by Individuals 2012 and 2013, Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore.

## SPORTS PARTICIPATION

## REGULAR ${ }^{1}$ SPORTS PARTICIPATION BY AGE (\%)



Age 15-19


Age 25-29


Age 20-24


Age 30-34


2011

${ }^{1}$ Regular is defined as at least once a week.

## Age 13-19

## 2011



Jogging


Basketball/ Street
Basketball


Soccer/ Football

16

## 15



Badminton


Swimming
13

Age 20-39

## 2011



Jogging


Swimming


Soccer/ Football


Gym
Workout


Badminton
20

6

5

INVOLVEMENT IN AT LEAST ONE SOCIAL GROUP BY AGE (\%) ${ }^{1}$


Social groups include Arts \& Cultural, Uniformed, Community, and Religious groups.
${ }^{2}$ The 30-34 age group was added in the 2010 and 2013 surveys.

INVOLVEMENT IN LEADERSHIP POSITIONS BY AGE [\%)³

|  | Age <br> $15-19$ | Age <br> $20-24$ | Age <br> $25-29$ | Age <br> $30-34^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2005 | 32 | 16 | 11 | $\mathbf{N}_{\mathbf{\prime}} \mathbf{A}^{2}$ |
| 2010 | 20 | 12 | 6 | 6 |
| 2013 | 40 | 24 | 19 | 18 |

${ }^{3}$ Leadership involvement refers to youths who have held an official title, such as Chairman, Treasurer, Council Member, etc.
Source: National Youth Survey 2005, 2010 and 2013, National Youth Council.

## NATIONAL VOLUNTEERISM RATE (\%)



Source: Individual Giving Survey 2008, 2010, 2012 and 2014, National Volunteer \& Philanthropy Centre.

## VALUES AND ATTITUDES

## ATTITUDES TOWARDS MARRIAGE (\%)



Age 15-29

| 2005 | 41 | 33 | 25 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2010 | 44 | 36 | 18 | 1 |
| 2013 | 38 | 34 | 26 | 2 |

Age 15-34 ${ }^{1}$
2010
47
35
17
1
2013

35
25
2

1 The 30-34 age group was added in the 2010 and 2013 surveys.
Source: National Youth Survey 2005, 2010, and 2013, National Youth Council.

MEAN RATINGS OF ATTITUDES TOWARDS OTHER RACES AND NATIONALITIES (\%) ${ }^{2}$

## 200520102013

Comfortable working together with someone 4.274 .254 .39 of a different loace

Comfortable having someone of a different trace as a neighbour
4.284 .264 .40

Comfortable having someone of a different nationality
4.194 .094 .08 as a neighbour

Comfortable working
together with someone of
4.214 .104 .12 a different nationality

Singapore should encourage people of other nationalities to come

$$
3.923 .763 .24
$$ to work or study in Singapore

Singapore should encourage 웅 people of other nationalities who are professionals or

$$
3.813 .703 .22
$$ skilled workers to become Singapore citizens

Comfortable working together with someone of a different race

Comfortable having someone of a different 4.244 .38 pace as a meighbour 4.244 .37 Hello?

Comfortable having someone of a different nationality

### 4.074 .06

 as a neighbourComfortable working
 4.094 .11 a different nationality

Singapore should encourage people of other nationalities to come 3.803 .28 to work or study in Singapore

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 안녕하세요! } \\
& 3.73 \quad 3.25
\end{aligned}
$$

Singapore should encourage people of other nationalities who are professionals or skilled workers to become Singapore citizens

2 Based on respondents' score on a $5-\mathrm{pt}$ scale, where $5=$ "strongly agree", $3="$ neither agree nor disagree", and $1=$ "strongly disagree".
3 The 30-34 age group was added in the 2010 and 2013 surveys. Source: National Youth Survey 2005, 2010, and 2013, National Youth Council.

## Age 15-34



Have a
place of
N.A 70


Acquire new skills and
knowledge


Have a successful career


To earn lots of
money


4 The item was included in the 2013 survey.
Source: National Youth Survey 2010 and 2013, National Youth Council.

## MEAN RATINGS OF YOUTHS' LEVEL OF FAMILY SUPPORT ${ }^{5}$

## Age 15-34

Be loved and accepted no matter what happens

### 4.364 .36

## Feel appreciated for whol am

4.244 .18

## Willing to help each other out when something needs to be done

4.264 .35

Enjoy having dinner together and talking
4.244 .25

Get special attention and help from family when faced with problems
4.084 .13

## Compromise

 when schedules conglict5 The extent to which youths are supported positively by their family; Mean ratings based on respondents' score on a 5 -pt scale, where $5=$ "strongly agree", $3=$ "neither agree nor disagree", and $1=$ "strongly disagree".
Source: National Youth Survey 2010 and 2013, National Youth Council.

MEAN RATINGS OF YOUTHS' LEVEL OF FAMILY CHALLENGE ${ }^{6}$

> Age 15-34

2010
2013
Individual accomplishments are noticed

### 4.054 .01

# Given the responsibility to make important decisions affecting my life <br> <br> 4.094 .28 

 <br> <br> 4.094 .28}

## Expected to use my time wisely

4.104 .14

## Expected to do my best

### 4.104 .22

Try to make other
family members proud
4.084 .20

Encouraged to get involved in activities outside school and work 3.703 .89

6 The extent to which youths are challenged positively by their family; Mean ratings based on respondents' score on a 5 -pt scale, where $5=$ "strongly agree", $3=$ "neither agree nor disagree", and $1=$ "strongly disagree".
Source: National Youth Survey 2010 and 2013, National Youth Council.

MEAN RATINGS OF TOP 3 LIFE STRESSORS ${ }^{7}$

## Age 15-34



7 Based on respondents' score on a 5-pt scale, where $5=$ "strongly agree", $3="$ neither agree nor disagree", and $1=$ "strongly disagree".
Source: National Youth Survey 2010 and 2013, National Youth Council.

At NYC, we believe in a world where young people are respected and heard, and have the ability to influence and make a difference to the world. Together with our partners, we develop a dynamic and engaging environment where young people can realise their aspirations and play a part in making Singapore an endearing home for all.


ALSO PART OF NYC:



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[^0]:    2 The P1 cohorts represented in each year are different across the indicators, as different cohorts reach the target levels in each year.

[^1]:    2 Refers to marriages in which neither party had previously been married. Source: Yearbook of Statistics Singapore 2015, Singapore Department of Statistics.

[^2]:    * Data provided for 2014 refers to 3 or more children.

